

Equality Information 2025

St Peter's CE Academy

As a church school, we believe that 'Giving children the keys to unlock their future' will enable all pupils to flourish within our care and achieve their full potential. This is underpinned by the words of Jesus:

"I have come that they may have life, and have it to the full." (John 10:10) "I will give you the keys to the kingdom of heaven." (Matthew 16:19)

Introduction

St Peter's CE Academy is committed to ensuring that everyone is treated fairly and with respect as we want our school to be a safe and inspiring learning environment for all our pupils. This school recognises that people have different needs and we understand that treating people equally does not always involve treating everyone the same. St Peter's CE Academy creates inclusive processes and practices where the varying needs of individuals can be identified and met.

This document explains how we show our commitment to equalityⁱ for our school population and how we plan to tackle inequalities that may impact at school.

Celebrating our Successes

- Increasing the involvement of girls and the less active in extracurricular activities/sport
- increasing confidence and reducing maths anxiety (an issue affecting a higher proportion of girls) by running an Early Morning maths group. (Pre-teaching)
- increasing pupils' knowledge and understanding of the different faiths and beliefs in Britain today, and supporting individual pupils in the development of their sense of identity and belonging.

Priorities for the Year 2023 Sex (Gender) – Boys and Girls

The underachievement of boys compared with girls persists both nationally and in Wiltshire. Nationally the gap is 8 percentage points, with 69% of girls achieving the expected standard in all of reading, writing and mathematics compared to 61% of boys. The gap in Wiltshire is also 8 percentage points with 67% of girls and 59% of boys achieving the expected standard. ⁱⁱ Two thirds of the gender gap in achieving the expected standard in Reading at age eleven is attributable to the fact that boys have lower levels of language and attention at age five. This school knows that intervention targeting early language and attention have potential for improving outcomes for all children. Boys benefit from such interventions because they are more likely to have these problems to begin with. ⁱⁱⁱ

The boys in KS1 are significantly underachieving compared to the girls, especially in writing. This will be the focus of our Equality target this year.

Religion and Belief

Data is not collected for monitoring purposes on Religion and Belief, and so there is no information available to compare the attainment of pupils who have/or do not have a religion or a belief. St Peter's Academy recognises how important faith and belief can be as part of a young person's

developing identity, whether this relates to a specific faith or belief, or whether this relates to wider belief systems, morals and ethics.

St Peter's CE Academy is committed to supporting all our young people as they develop a personal relationship with their own values and beliefs, and to supporting, in the context of the Human Rights agenda, the role this plays in the moral and ethical choices they make in life.

This school takes incidents of prejudice-related bullying seriously and is committed to working closely with parents/carers to create a school environment which is nurturing, friendly and supportive for all our children. Our school has established a procedure for recording all incidents of prejudice-based bullying, and this includes bullying related to religion and belief. Comments from young people about bullying include the following, "Encourage and celebrate difference – don't single us out if we are different, have difficulties, or have different beliefs and views" (Wiltshire Anti-Bullying Charter. <https://www.wiltshirehealthyschools.org/core-themes/emotional-healthandwellbeing/anti-bullying-practice/>) This school is vigilant in maintaining an awareness of, and appropriate responses to, this possibility. St Peter's CE Academy is aware that negative faith-based media attention can have an impact on all children, and recognises the importance of ensuring that pupils are provided with accurate and appropriate information.

St Peter's CE Academy ensures that all pupils gain knowledge of and respect for the different faiths in Britain as part of our role to prepare pupils for modern life in a diverse Britain. As part of a whole school activity, pupils celebrate different religious festivals and learn from religious representatives from various communities.

This school has benefited from the work undertaken by the Church of England and published in the document "*Valuing All God's Children*".^{xv} This excellent document provides a framework that helps our school to address all issues of bullying behaviour and discriminatory language, and includes homophobia, biphobia and transphobia.

Disability (Special Educational Needs and Disability)

SEND pupils are categorised as 'SEN with a statement or Education, health and care (EHC) plan' and 'SEN support'. In Wiltshire in 2018, 16% of pupils at the end of key stage 2 have a special educational need and 4% have a statement or education, health and care plan.ⁱⁱ

Of all reported characteristics, pupils with SEND have the largest attainment gap when compared to those without any identified SEND.ⁱⁱ In 2018, 20% of Wiltshire pupils with SEN support reached the expected standard in reading, writing and mathematics, compared with 74% of Wiltshire pupils with no identified SEND, resulting in an attainment gap of 54 percentage points.ⁱⁱ

St Peter's CE Academy is required to publish information on the attainment of SEND pupils. The focus of this section of this Equality Information document is disability. The disability areas being highlighted in this report have been adapted to reflect our current pupil profile. *Please note that as schools must adhere to data protection protocols in order not to breach the confidentiality of individual or small groups of pupils, this may mean that our school is limited in the data it is able to publish in this section.*

Pupils with Mental Health Concerns

There is an increasing understanding of the negative impact of social, emotional, and mental health difficulties (SEMH) on the educational attainment of pupils. The incorporation of mental health into the Equality Act 2010 has helped to highlight this important issue. ⁱ

We have developed 'The Nest provision' (nurture) which is overseen by a trained ELSA member of staff to support pupils with mental health concerns.

EQUALITY OBJECTIVES

Equality Objective 1: To ensure equality between boys and girls writing in Key Stage 1. To meet this objective, we are –

- Ensuring topics are of interest to boys.
- Outside learning to stimulate real-life writing opportunities
- Ensuring staff are clear of year group expectations (Integra training)
- Celebrating pupils' writing (E.g. through writing walls, classroom displays, Head teacher stickers)
- Giving opportunity to hear stories from older children (who can act as role-models) • Using working walls to scaffold and model learning – Using Write Stuff approach
- Ensuring print-rich curriculum in classrooms.
- Reading stories regularly to the class
- Using regular helicopter stories in Foundation Stage
- At Foundation Stage, ensuring children have daily opportunities for mark-making.

We will review this objective regularly over the next academic year.

Equality Objective 2: To ensure equality between all children regardless of their racial background. To meet this objective, we will –

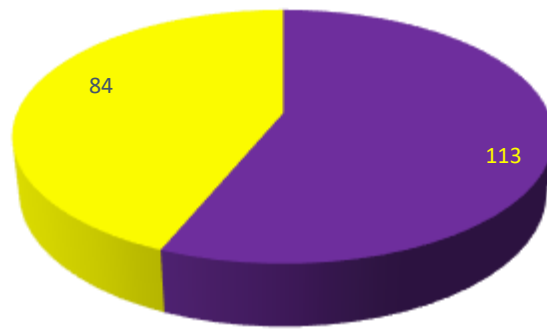
- Teach pupils about racial equality and Black Lives Matter movement (E.g. through assemblies on anti-bullying and respecting others, and other In class learning.)
- Ensure the books that we have in school represent racial/cultural diversity.
- Monitor behaviour / exclusion's with regard to race/ethnicity
- Monitor racism/prejudice incidents and report on these to the local board.
- Senior leader complete training on Diversity, Equality and Inclusion.

School data

Equality information Breakdown of protected characteristics:

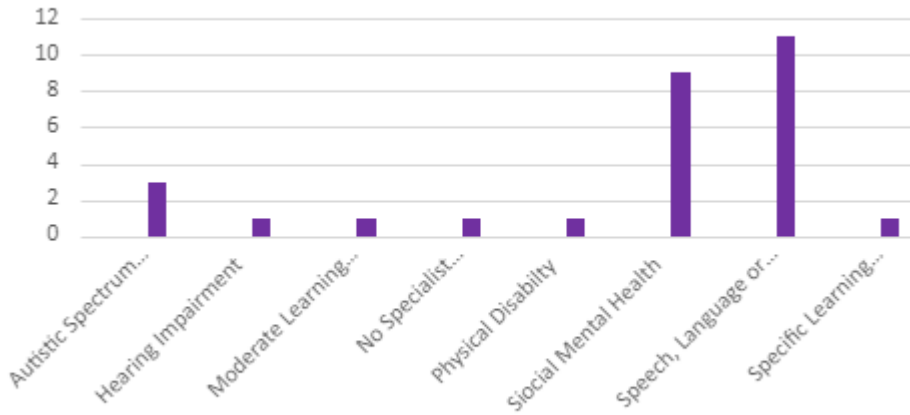
Equality information

St Peter's Academy students by gender

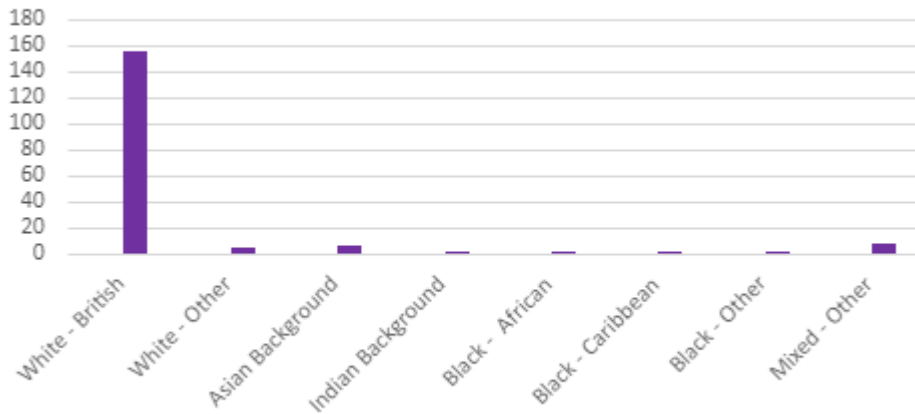


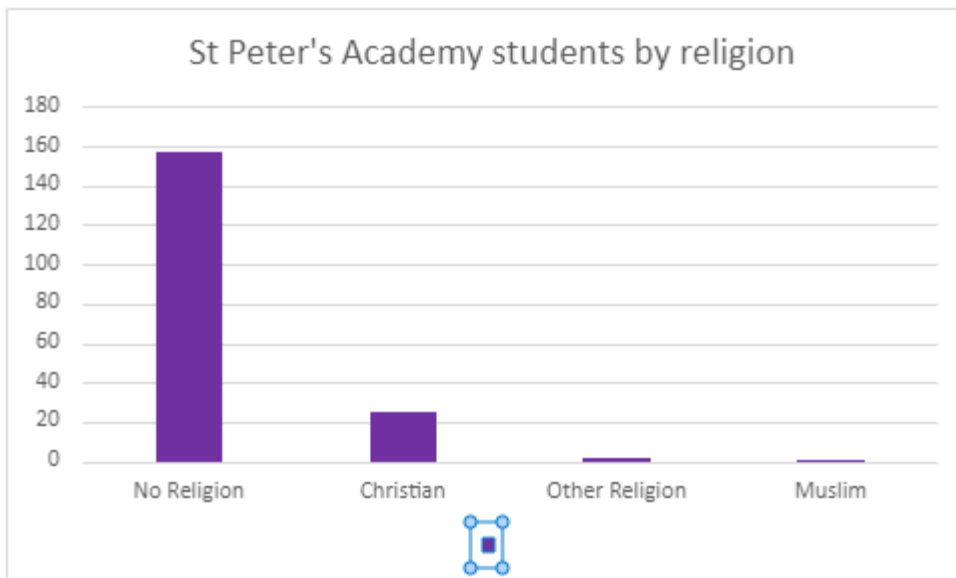
Boys Girls

St Peter's Academy students by SEN type



St Peter's Academy students by ethnicity





SEN: 15% of the children have SEN

No Information was available on the following protected characteristics:

- Gender Reassignment: St Peter's C of E Academy did not have any information on whether any of the children on roll had reassigned their gender.
- Sexual Identity: St Peter's C of Academy did not have information on whether any of the pupils on the roll identified as Lesbian, Gay, Bi-sexual or Transgender (LGBT) as the question has not been asked as part of routine data collection.

ⁱ The Equality Act 2010 and Schools

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/315587/Equality_Act_Advice_Final.pdf ⁱⁱ <https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/key-stage-2-and-multi-academytrust-performance-2018-revised>

ⁱⁱⁱ Understanding the Gender Gap in Literacy and Language Development: Professor Gemma Moss and Dr Liz Washbrook, University of Bristol 2016
<https://www.bristol.ac.uk/medialibrary/sites/education/documents/bristol-working-papers-in-education/Understanding%20the%20Gender%20Gap%20working%20paper.pdf>

^{iv} Gypsies and Travellers, House of Commons Briefing Paper Number 08083, 28 September 2017
<http://researchbriefings.files.parliament.uk/documents/CBP-8083/CBP-8083.pdf>

^v The Fragility of Professional Competence, A Preliminary Account of Child Protection Practice with Romani and Traveller Children in England, January 2018, University of Salford, Manchester
<http://usir.salford.ac.uk/46146/1/the-fragility-of-professional-competence-january-2018.pdf>

^{vi} Educational Outcomes for Pupils who have English as an Additional Language: The Education Policy Institute,

The Bell Foundation, Unbound Philanthropy by Jo Hutchinson, Director for Social Mobility and Vulnerable Learners (February 2018) <https://www.bell-foundation.org.uk/research-report/educational-outcomesofchildren-with-english-as-an-additional-language/>

vii https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/652136/hatecrime1617-hosb1717.pdf

viii Tell Mama, 2017

ix NSPCC, 2018

x British Youth Council, 2016

xi NSPCC, 2018

xii <https://www.equaliteach.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2018/04/FAITH-IN-US.pdf> Funded by the Home Office Hate Crime Communities Project Fund

xiii LGBT History Month, <https://www.stonewall.org.uk/lgbt-history-month-education> celebrated in February each year.

xiv Stonewall School Report, 2017, The Experiences of Lesbian, Gay, Bi and Trans Pupils in Britain's Schools <https://www.stonewall.org.uk/school-report-2017>

xv Valuing All God's Children, 2017, https://www.churchofengland.org/sites/default/files/201711/Valuing%20All%20God%27s%20Children%27s%20Report_0.pdf

xvi Joseph Rowntree Foundation, Special Education Needs and their Links to Poverty, 26 February 2016 <https://www.jrf.org.uk/report/special-educational-needs-and-their-links-poverty>